Audit Report

June 30, 2016



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Caring & Sharing Learning School

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caring & Sharing Learning School (the "School"), a component unit of the Alachua County District School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of employer contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2016, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Caux Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.
Gainesville, Florida
October 17, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance provides an overview of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The following are various financial highlights for fiscal year 2016:

- The School's overall net position increased by \$12,652.
- Total ending unrestricted net position was (\$417,800).
- The School had total expenses for the year of \$1,157,417, compared to revenues of \$1,170,069.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report contains government-wide financial statements that report on the School's activities as a whole and fund financial statements that report on the School's individual funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The first financial statement is the Statement of Net Position. This statement includes all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. Accrual accounting is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year revenues and expenses are recorded, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Net position can be used to measure the School's financial position.

The second financial statement is the Statement of Activities. This statement is also shown using the accrual basis of accounting. It shows the increases and decreases in net position during the fiscal year. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position are useful indicators of whether the School's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors, such as enrollment levels or changes in state funding, must also be considered when assessing the overall health of the School.

In these statements, all of the School's activities are considered to be governmental activities. The School has no business-type activities, which are generally financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Following the government-wide financial statements are the fund financial statements. They provide more detailed information about the School's funds.

Governmental funds – These funds are accounted for using modified accrual accounting. Modified
accrual accounting focuses on available cash and other financial assets that can readily be
converted to cash. This provides a shorter-term view of the governmental fund's financial position.
A reconciliation is provided with these statements, which helps to explain the difference between
the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

The School maintains three individual governmental funds. The General Fund is considered to be a major fund and, accordingly, is separately displayed. Data from the Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund is combined and displayed as Other Governmental Funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The table below presents condensed, comparative data about net position and changes in net position.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Net position			
		2016	2015
		ernmental ctivities	Governmental Activities
	A	ctivities	Activities
Assets			
Non-capital assets	\$	100,957	103,900
Capital assets		453,762	480,417
Total assets		554,719	584,317
Deferred outflows of resources		202,701	85,928
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		757,420	670,245
Liabilities			
Currentliabilities		157,454	170,521
Noncurrent liabilities		470,776	338,226
Total liabilities		628,230	508,747
Deferred inflows of resources		153,714	198,674
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		781,944	707,421
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets		393,276	403,204
Unrestricted		(417,800)	(440,380)
Total net position	\$	(24,524)	
Change in net positio	n		
Program revenues			
Operating grants and contributions	\$	101,002	96,680
Capital grants & contributions		44,733	49,088
General revenues			
Title I grant		99,990	100,017
Florida Education Finance Program		888,393	844,547
Unrestricted grants and contributions		35,951	50,520
Total revenues		1,170,069	1,140,852
Program expenses			
Instruction		819,195	767,159
Instructional support services		6,042	3,936
General support		323,595	352,080
Community services		2,796	4,700
Interest on long-term debt		5,789	6,749
Total expenses		1,157,417	1,134,624
Change in net position		12,652	6,228
Beginning net position		(37,176)	(43,404)
Ending net position	\$	(24,524)	(37,176)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Governmental Activities

The governmental activities generated \$145,735 in program revenues and \$1,024,334 of general revenues, and incurred \$1,157,417 of program expenses. This resulted in a \$12,652 increase in net position.

At June 30, 2016, the School's unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$417,800 and the School's total net position was a deficit of \$24,524.

THE SCHOOL'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

General Fund

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$2,897 from \$19,792 to \$22,689.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The school previously adopted the practice of amending its budget so that final budgeted amounts agree with actual amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The School had no capital asset additions during the year. Please refer to a note to the accompanying financial statements entitled *Capital Assets and Depreciation* for more detailed information about the School's capital asset activity.

Debt Administration

The School's net pension liability increased by about \$143,000 during the year. Please refer to a note to the accompanying financial statements entitled *Long-term Liabilities* for more detailed information about the School's long-term debt activity.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

We are not aware of any economic conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the School's financial position or results of operations.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Curtis Peterson, Principal, Gainesville, Florida.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	vernmental activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,338
Receivables	13,619
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	27,700
Depreciable, net	426,062
Total assets	554,719
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension related	202,701
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	757,420
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	78,268
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	79,186
Due in more than one year	470,776
Total liabilities	628,230
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension related	153,714
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	781,944
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	393,276
Unrestricted	(417,800)
Total net position	\$ (24,524)

Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2016

			Program Reven	ues	
	Expenses	Charges for services	•	Capital grants and contributions	Net (expense) revenue and change in net position
Functions/programs					
Instruction	\$ 819,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (819,195)
Instructional support services	6,042	-	-	-	(6,042)
General support	323,595	-	101,002	44,733	(177,860)
Community services	2,796	-	-	-	(2,796)
Interest on long-term debt	5,789	-	-	-	(5,789)
Total	\$ 1,157,417	\$ -	\$ 101,002	\$ 44,733	(1,011,682)
	General reve	nues			
	Title I grant				99,990
		cation Finance	_		888,393
	Unrestricted	d grants and c	ontributions		35,951
	Total general	revenues			1,024,334
	Change in net	t position			12,652
	Net position -	beginning of	year		(37,176)
	Net position -	end of year			\$ (24,524)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	(General Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,152	\$	(2,814)	\$	87,338
Receivables		9,215		4,404		13,619
Total assets	\$	99,367	\$	1,590	\$	100,957
Liabilities and fund balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	76,678	\$	1,590	\$	78,268
Fund balances:						
Unassigned		22,689		-		22,689
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	99,367	\$	1,590	\$	100,957

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	22,689
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital assets – net of accumulated depreciation		453,762
Deferred outflows and inflows associated with pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows		202,701
Deferred inflows		(153,714)
Long-term liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Net pension liability		(473,976)
Compensated absences		(15,500)
Bank loan		(50,000)
Revolving line-of-credit		(10,486)
Net position of governmental activities	Ś	(24.524)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Title I grant	\$ -	\$ 99,990	\$ 99,990
Florida Education Finance Program	888,393	-	888,393
Public Education Capital Outlay	-	44,733	44,733
Other state revenue	2,600	12,287	14,887
Other local revenue	122,066	<u> </u>	122,066
Total revenues	1,013,059	157,010	1,170,069
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	681,134	111,728	792,862
Instructional support services	5,493	549	6,042
General support	298,223	-	298,223
Community services	2,796	-	2,796
Capital outlay	-	44,733	44,733
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	28,735	-	28,735
Interest and fiscal charges	5,789	-	5,789
Total expenditures	1,022,170	157,010	1,179,180
Excess of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	(9,111)	-	(9,111)
Other financing sources			
Borrowings on line-of-credit	12,008	-	12,008
Net change in fund balances	2,897	-	2,897
Fund balances - beginning of year	19,792	-	19,792
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 22,689	\$ -	\$ 22,689

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	2,897
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Current year depreciation expense		(26,655)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment does not affect		
net position of governmental activities.		
Principal payments		28,735
The accounting for pension costs differs between governmental		
funds and governmental activities.		
Change in net pension liability		(143,650)
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions		116,773
Change in deferred inflows related to pensions		44,960
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial		
resources for governmental funds, but does not affect		
net position of governmental activities.		
Borrowings on line-of-credit		(12,008)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities		
do not require the use of current financial resources		
and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		1,600
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	12,652
Change in het position of governmental activities	Ą	12,032

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Caring & Sharing Learning School conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

Caring & Sharing Learning School, Inc. is a not-for-profit corporation organized in 1998 pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act, and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The not-for-profit corporation conducts business as the Caring & Sharing Learning School (the "School"). The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation's Board of Directors.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the Alachua County District School Board (the "District"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2021, and may be renewed every ten years provided that a program review demonstrates that certain criteria addressed in Section 1002.33(7), Florida Statutes, have been successfully accomplished. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. Pursuant to Section 1002.33(8)(e), Florida Statutes, the charter school contract provides that in the event the School is dissolved or terminated, any unencumbered funds and all School property purchased with public funds automatically revert to the District. During the term of the charter, the District may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of the District.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provide for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

Reporting Model

The School follows GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. Governmental activities are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees charged to external parties as their primary revenues. The School has no business-type activities.

Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position reports the School's financial position as of the end of the fiscal year. In this statement, the School's net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The Statement of Activities is displayed using a net-cost format and reports the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges for services that are directly related to a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The governmental fund statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The following governmental funds are used by the School:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund is primarily used to account for and report financial resources restricted to operating uses.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is primarily used to account for and report financial resources restricted to capital uses.

In the accompanying fund financial statements, the General Fund is considered to be a major fund and, therefore, is separately displayed. Since the Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund are not major funds, data from these funds is combined and displayed as Other Governmental Funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures for compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The School's revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. At times, certain other revenue items may be considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School deposits its temporarily idle resources in financial institutions. At times, such deposits may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limit.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$500 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. These assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Land and improvements is not depreciated. Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	30
Improvements other than buildings	15
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and	
vehicles	5

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

The School pays employees for 50% of unused sick and vacation time upon separation. A liability is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. However, a liability is reported in governmental funds only when payment is due.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the Florida Education Finance Program and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods.

The School also receives other financial assistance. This assistance is generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by the granting agency.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position

Net position is reported in three categories as hereafter described. *Net investment in capital assets,* represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to those assets. Net position is reported as *restricted* when there are legal limitations imposed on its use by legislation, or external restrictions imposed by other governments, creditors, or grantors. *Unrestricted* net position is net position that does not meet the definitions of the classifications previously described.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions to classify fund balances for governmental funds into specifically defined classifications. The classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

Fund balance classifications are described below:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the School's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a resolution of the Board of Directors. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School removes those constraints by taking the same type of action.

Assigned Fund Balance – Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the School's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Directors or (b) a body or official to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The School's policy is to expend resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance		Balance	
	July 1,		June 30,	
	2015	Additions	Deletions	2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 27,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,700
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	679,909	-	-	679,909
Improvements other than buildings	46,532	-	-	46,532
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	28,596	-	-	28,596
Vehicles	22,681	-		
Total capital assets being depreciated	777,718	-	-	777,718
Total capital assets	805,418	-	-	805,418
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	236,465	22,993	-	259,458
Improvements other than buildings	37,874	3,102	-	40,976
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	27,982	560	-	28,542
Vehicles	22,680	-	-	22,680
Total accumulated depreciation	325,001	26,655	-	351,656
Net capital assets	\$ 480,417	\$ (26,655)	\$ -	\$ 453,762

Depreciation of \$26,095 was charged to General Support and \$560 to Instruction.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 3 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At June 30, 2016, the School's long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

\$50,000 capital-related unsecured loan payable to bank with 7.6% financing. The School is currently making monthly, interest-only payments on this loan. The loan is due on demand and is classified as a current liability in the Statement of Net Position.

\$30,000 capital-related unsecured revolving line-of-credit payable to bank with 10% interest. This revolving credit agreement is classified as a current liability in the Statement of Net Position.

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due
	July 1,			June 30,	Within
	2015	Additions	Deletions	2016	One Year
Net pension liability	\$ 330,326	\$143,650	\$ -	\$ 473,976	\$ 10,000
Compensated absences	17,100	12,000	13,600	15,500	8,700
Bank loan	50,000	-	-	50,000	50,000
Revolving line-of-credit	27,213	12,008	28,735	10,486	10,486
Total	\$ 424,639	\$167,658	\$ 42,335	\$ 549,962	\$ 79,186

NOTE 4 – PENSION PLANS

Defined Benefit Plans

The School participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report may be obtained by writing to the Division of Retirement, PO Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida, 32315-9000 or by calling (850) 488-6491.

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 and 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 4 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Contributions

The School is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution requirements of plan members and the School are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS. The School's contribution rates as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	FRS	HIS
Regular Employees	5.60%	1.66%
DROP from FRS	11.22%	1.66%

The School's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$39,979 to the FRS and \$12,322 to the HIS.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 4 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2016, the School reported a liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability were determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2015. The School's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on the School's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS	 HIS	
Net pension liability reported at June 30, 2016	\$ 226,526	\$ 247,450	
Proportion at:			
June 30, 2015 measurement date	0.0018%	0.0024%	
June 30, 2014 measurement date	0.0018%	0.0023%	
Pension expense (benefit), reported for year ended			
June 30, 2016	\$ 15,662	\$ 18,554	

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS					Н	IS	!	
	[Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	De	eferred	
	(Dutflows		Inflows	О	Outflows		nflows	
	of	Resources	of	of Resources		Resources	of R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	23,914	\$	5,373	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		15,035		-		19,468		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings									
on pension plan investments		79,789		133,879		134		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer									
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,436		9,526		6,624		4,936	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		39,979		-		12,322		-	
Total	\$	164,153	\$	148,778	\$	38,548	\$	4,936	

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 4 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Year ending June 30,	FRS	Expense	HIS Expense		
2017	\$	(7,959)	\$	3,445	
2018		(7,959)		3,445	
2019		(7,959)		3,445	
2020		(7,958)		3,445	
2021		5,565		3,414	
Thereafter		1,666		4,096	
Total	\$	(24,604)	\$	21,290	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans, measured as of June 30, 2015, was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2015, using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	7.65%	N/A
Discount rate	7.65%	3.80%

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projections Scale BB tables.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation dated July 1, 2015 were based on the results of an experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 4 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2015:

FRS: No changes in key actuarial assumptions.

HIS: The municipal bond index rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 4.29% to 3.80%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class.

			Compound
		Annual	Annual
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return
Cash	1%	3.2%	3.1%
Fixed income	18%	4.8%	4.7%
Global equity	53%	8.5%	7.2%
Real estate (property)	10%	6.8%	6.2%
Private equity	6%	11.9%	8.2%
Strategic investments	12%_	6.7%	6.1%
	100%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for FRS was 7.65%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.80% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 4 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

				FRS						HIS								
				Current		_			Cı	urrent								
				Discount					Dis	scount								
	19	% Decrease		Rate	19	%Increase	1%	6 Decrease		Rate	1%	6 Increase						
		(6.65%)		(6.65%)		(7.65%)		(8.65%) (2.80%)		(2.80%)		(2.80%)		(2.80%)		3.80%)		(4.80%)
Employer's proportionate share																		
of the net pension liability	\$	586,981	\$	226,526	\$	(73,431)	\$	281,958	\$ 2	247,450	\$	218,676						

Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. There were no employees enrolled in the FRS Investment Plan during the current year.

NOTE 5 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss, including general liability, personal injury, workers compensation, and errors and omissions. To manage its risks, the School has purchased commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The School rents 3.9 acres of land from a relative of the principal. The terms of the contract called for payments of \$4,700 per month beginning on July 1, 2015, and terminating June 30, 2016. The School's payments for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$56,400.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year ended June 30, 2016

					Va	Variance	
		Budgeted	amounts	Actual	Wit	With Final	
	-	Original	Final	Amounts	Ві	udget	
_							
Revenues	_				_		
Florida Education Finance Program	Ş	855,000	\$ 888,393		\$	-	
Other state revenue		2,400	2,600	,		-	
Other local revenue		131,000	122,066	5 122,066		_	
Total revenues		988,400	1,013,059	9 1,013,059		-	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction		669,906	681,134	4 681,134		-	
Instructional support services		161	5,493	5,493		-	
General support		276,470	298,223	3 298,223		-	
Community services		4,000	2,796	2,796		-	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		13,000	28,735	5 28,735		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		6,500	5,789	9 5,789		-	
Total expenditures		970,037	1,022,170	0 1,022,170		-	
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		18,363	(9,112	1) (9,111)		-	
Other financing sources							
Borrowings on line-of-credit		-	12,008	12,008		-	
Net change in fund balances		18,363	2,897	7 2,897		_	
_		,3	,	·			
Fund balances - beginning of year		-	19,792	2 19,792			
Fund balances - end of year	\$	18,363	\$ 22,689	9 \$ 22,689	\$	-	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors. A final budget amendment is made so that final budgeted amounts agree with actual amounts. The fund is the legal level of control.

Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Florida Retirement System	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0018%	0.0018%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	226,526 \$	5 111,436
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	748,979 \$	700,873
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage			
of its covered-employee payroll		30.24%	15.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.00%	96.09%
	Ilth Insurance Subsidy Progran	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0024%	0.0023%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	247,450 \$	218,890
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	748,979 \$	700,873
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage			
of its covered-employee payroll		33.04%	31.23%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.50%	0.99%

Notes to schedules:

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which was June 30th of the prior fiscal year.

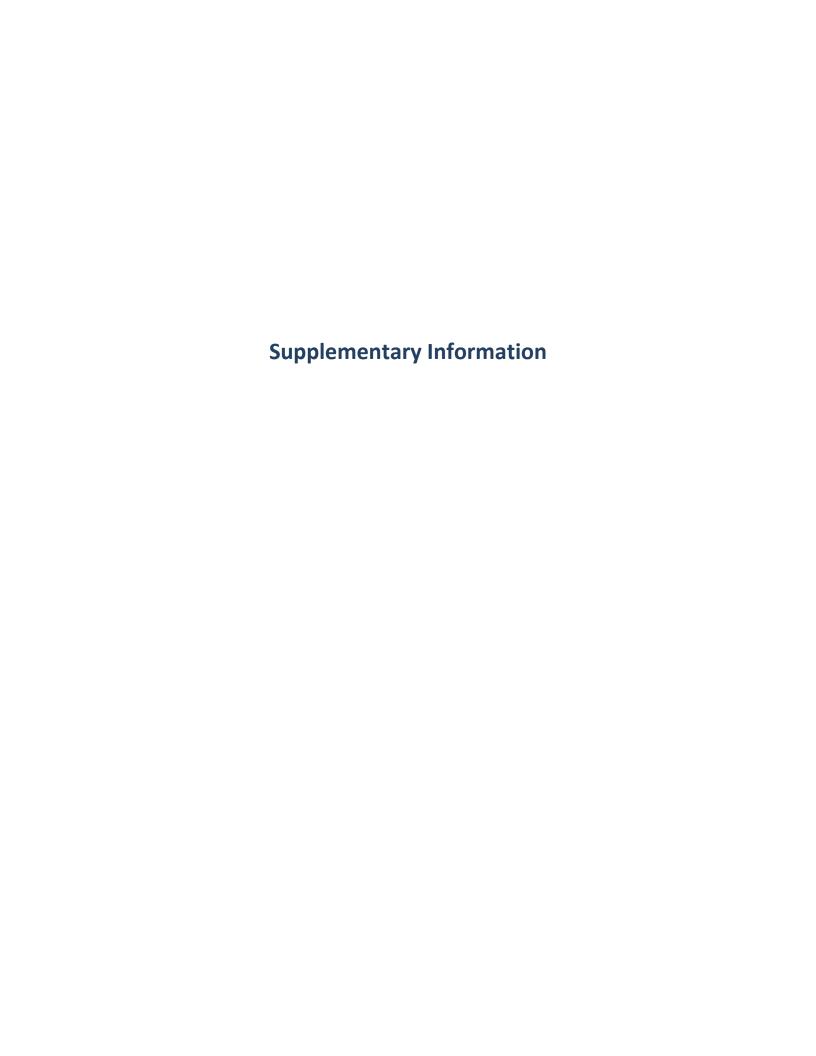
Schedules of Employer Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Florida Retirement System	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution		\$ 39,979 \$	42,759
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		39,979 \$	42,759
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ - \$	
Employer's covered-employee payroll		\$ 743,146 \$	748,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.38%	5.71%

Health Insurance Subsidy Program	2016	\$ 2,015
Contratually required contribution	\$ 12,322	\$ 9,275
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	12,322	\$ 9,275
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 743,146	\$ 748,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.66%	1.24%

Notes to schedules:

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Revenue Projects		G	Total Nonmajor Jovernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,125	\$	(3,939)	\$	(2,814)		
Receivables		465		3,939		4,404		
Total assets	\$	1,590	\$	_	\$	1,590		
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	1,590	\$	-	\$	1,590		
Fund balances		-		-				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,590	\$	-	\$	1,590		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Title I grant	\$ 99,990	\$ -	\$ 99,990
Public education capital outlay	φ <i>33,330</i> -	44,733	44,733
Other state revenue	12,287		12,287
Total revenues	112,277	44,733	157,010
Expenditures			
Current:	===		===
Instruction	111,728	-	111,728
Instructional support services	549	-	549
Capital outlay		44,733	44,733
Total expenditures	112,277	44,733	157,010
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-
Fund balances - beginning of year	-	-	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Additional Elements Required by the Rules of the Auditor General



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors
Caring & Sharing Learning School

We have audited the financial statements of the Caring & Sharing Learning School (the "School"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2016.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of charter school audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

Prior Audit Findings

The Rules of the Auditor General require that we comment as to whether corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. If the audit findings in the preceding audit report are uncorrected, we are required to identify those findings that were also included in the second preceding audit report. The School has no uncorrected prior audit findings that are required to be identified pursuant to the Rules of the Auditor General.

Financial Condition

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.503, Florida Statutes, "Determination of Financial Emergency." In connection with our audit, we determined that the School has not met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Also, as required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures, as of the end of the fiscal year, pursuant to Rule 10.855(12). It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by management. The application of such procedures did not reveal evidence of "deteriorating financial condition" as that term is defined in Rule 10.854.

Transparency

Section 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Our audit did not reveal any other matters that we are required to include in this management letter.

The purpose of this management letter is solely to comply with the requirements of Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of the audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Gainesville, Florida October 17, 2016

Cau, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Caring & Sharing Learning School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caring & Sharing Learning School (the "School"), a component unit of the Alachua County District School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cau, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Gainesville, Florida October 17, 2016